# Test Design

**Test Scenarios & Test Cases**

**=> In Design phase Test Engineer identify test scenarios.**

**=> For Identified Test scenarios Testers design test cases.**

****

**Test Scenario**

* Test scenarios are linear form of test cases
* It explain what are the Possible areas to be tested with in software
* In Agile testing Scenario defines what to test in user story
* Scenarios also listed valid and Invalid

**Where do I found Test scenarios?🡪**

* In general test scenarios listed in Test Plan or Release plan document

**Who identify test scenarios?**

* Test scenarios identified by the Test lead or Sr. Test Engineer.

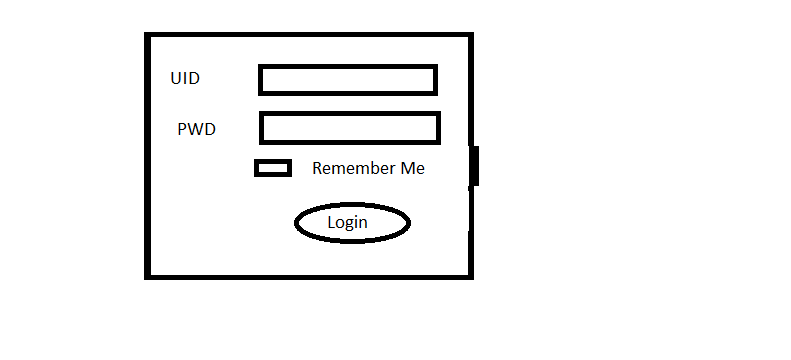
**Advantages of Test Scenarios:🡪**

* Scenarios are useful to track test cases
* Test Scenarios take lesser time to execute
* **Entry Criteria for identifying test Scenarios:**
* Approved Test Plan or Release Plan
* Approved SRS or use case document
* Test Scenario template [IEEE 829 ]
* KT [knowledge transfer]
* Any design documents available (if any)
* Any blueprints available (if any)

**Exit Criteria for test Scenarios:**

* Test scenarios Should reviewed & Approved.
* Once test Scenarios are approved test lead will create a baseline for test Scenarios (TS1.0v) and update the scenarios into Common Repository.

Identify Test scenarios for below Image

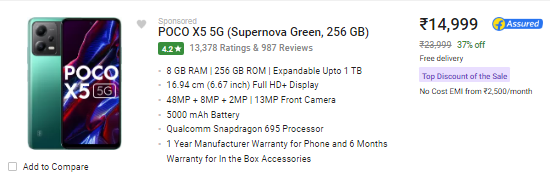


|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Requirement Name | Test Scenario ID | Scenario Description | Remarks |
| Login | Ts1 | Verify user able to login by entering valid username and valid password |  |
|  | Ts2 | Verify Error message displayed with user attempt with invalid username and password |  |
|  | Ts3 | Verify Error message displayed when user leave mandatory fields |  |
|  | Ts4 | Verify browser can remember by login credentials when user opt remember option |  |
|  | Ts5 | Verify browse can’t remember username and password when user not selected remember me option |  |
|  | Ts6 | Verify all labels and controls presented at login page |  |
|  | Ts7 | Verify Graphical interface details[Text, Color, background, alignment details] |  |
|  |  |  |  |

Test scenario template:🡪 Identify High level test scenarios for ecommerce website

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Scenario ID | Scenario Name | Child scenarios  [if any] | Description | Test case count | Development Status |
| Ts1.0 | Browser catalog |  | User can access every page from menu tabs | 2 | Done |
| Ts2.0 | Search Product | Clear  High to Low  Low to High  New products | User can search with valid product name | 3 | NA |
| Ts3.0 | Compare product |  | User can compare products before buying | 4 | In Progress |
| Ts4.0 | Add to Cart | New Arrivals  Coming Soon  Out of stock | User can add list of products to cart | 3 | Done |
| Ts5.0 | Remove Items from cart |  | User can remove items from cart | 2 | Done |
| Ts6.0 |  |  |  |  |  |

Write Scenarios for below image:🡪



Scenarios in Agile:🡪[BDD template]🡪 Behavior driven development template🡪

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| EPIC | DESCRIPTION | USER STORY | SCENARIO |
| Product Search | User able to search available products with product name or product specifications | As a User  I Can Search Product | Given site URL is http://flipkart.com When Enter product name at search edit box And click on Search Button Then All Related Product should be displayed |
|  |  |  | Given product specification at search edit box And click on Search button Then display related products |
|  |  |  | Given Product name When user click on Clear button Then Search will be clear |
|  |  |  | Given Product name and click on search When user click on Low-to-High button Then Products display in Low to High range |

EPIC:🡪

Epic is a large requirements it contains group of user stories

User Story:🡪

As small narration what exactly client wants

As -------- Who wants to accomplish

I want------ What they want to accomplish

So that-------Why they want to accomplish

Scenarios:🡪

Each user story contains set of scenarios

In agile scenarios are written in gherkin language

Note:🡪 Gherkin is plain language it can convert plain

Text into programs.

Given:🡪 [Steps to follow before performing real action]

When:🡪 [User inputs to trigger scenario]

Then:🡪 [Post Condition to Verify ]

Feature:🡪 Testing Login Feature

Scenario: Verifying login with invalid data

Given: User Navigate to Facebook Login Page

When: User enter valid username and invalid password

And: Click login button

Then: Verify Error text displayed

Scenario: Verifying login with valid data

Given: User valid username and valid password

And: Click login button

Then: Verify inbox is displayed

**What is a Test Case.?**

* A test case is set of user actions and sub sequent response from the system
* Every positive and negative action at software what is the sub sequent response receive from system we design as Test-case steps.
* Test case determines what to be tested, what action to be done, what data to be provided in order to check software response meeting with client expectation.
* Here tester prepare test cases as checklist based on client requirement when software is under development, Once software is ready tester use same checklist to verify is software developed as client expected.

**Entry Criteria to prepare test cases:**

* Approved Test Plan / Release plan
* Approved SRS
* Approved **FRS** [or] Use case template[Use case template is ideal way to design test cases]
* Approved Test Scenarios
* Test Case template
* KT on user requirement [Knowledge Transfer]
* Software [If available]

**Exit Criteria for test cases:**

* Test Cases should be reviewed & Approved.

**Test Case contains**

A test case should contain particulars such as:

* Objective
* Test Conditions
* Input data
* Expected results
* Location of the files to be used in Test Case [Test scenario reference numbers, Document Reference numbers]
* Trouble shooting guidelines

**Good Test Case Design**

A good test case satisfies the following criteria

* Effective – Finds Faults (Objective)
* Evaluable – Easy to maintain
* Requirement Completeness
* Easy to understand
* Should not be out of scope - do not contain un necessary things
* Don’t predict stick to documentation
* Test cases should write in uniform way. [If you started test cases for one requirement don’t merge other requirement ]

***Test Case Design Techniques:🡪***

***All test design techniques helps to derive the test-cases from client requirement***

**Test Case design techniques can be broadly categorized into 2:**

* Black Box (Functional) Test case design Techniques
* White Box (Structural) Test case design Techniques
* Experience Testing [Informal testing]

**Black Box Test case design Techniques:**

* Equivalent class Partitioning [ECP]
* Boundary value Analysis [BVA]
* Decision table [DT]
* State transition technique
* Error guessing

***Why test techniques***

* Exhaustive testing (Use of all possible inputs and conditions) is impractical.
* Need thought processes that help us to select test cases more intelligently
* Test case design techniques helps to cover more areas to test software.
* Possible to test hidden areas

**Advantages of techniques**

* Different people: Similar probability of finding faults
* Effective testing: to find more deviations (faults)
* One can focus or pay more attention on specific types of faults
* To know you are testing right thing.
* Avoid duplications
* Identify the best possible combinations to cover maximum conditions

**Equivalence Partitioning**

* Equivalence partitioning is a method for deriving test cases

In this method given input is divided into number of equivalence classes.

* From each equivalence class one input value is choose for testing.
* Equivalent partitioning drastically cuts down the number of test cases
* We can Label the ECP Classes as “Valid” and Invalid”

**Example:**

Consider any edit field which can accept values b/w 4-12.

From the given range of i/p value we can form 3 equivalence classes.

     i) Less than 4.

   ii) Between 4 -12.

  iii) Greater than 12.

* Consider edit field accept only Alphabets
  + Valid :🡪 Alphabets [a-z][A\_Z]
  + Invalid:🡪Numerics, Special Characters, Spaces, Blank

Consider edit field accept only Alphabets and Numerics, At least One Numeric value

* + Valid:🡪 Alphabets[a-z] + Numeric [1], Alphabets[a-z]+numeric[1+]
  + Invalid:🡪 only Numeric, Only Alphabets, Special Characters, Spaces, Blank
* Consider edit fields accept alphabets, Should starts with uppercase and should contains at least one special characters..

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **User Name** | **Role** | **Rights** |
| Abhay | Financial Prof. | Assign |
| Sriram | Customer | View, Add, Update |
| Ravi | Customer | View, Add, Update |
| Dinakar | Financial Prof. | Assign |
| Bhaskar | Employee | View, Delete, Add, Update |
| Ramya | Financial Prof. | Assign |
| Pranathi | Financial Prof. | Assign |
| Harsha | Employee | View, Delete, Add, Update |
| Suchitra | Agent | View |
| Sunil | Employee | View, Delete, Assign |
| Harika | Employee | View, Delete, Assign |
| Adithi | Agent | View |

* Identify similar functionalities and divide equally
* Divide the inputs, outputs, etc., into areas which are same
* Here the assumption is, if one value works then all should work
* Identify one from each partition instead of all from one

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Role** | **User Name** | **Rights** |
| Financial Prof. | Abhay | Assign |
| Customer | Sriram | View, Add, Update |
| Employee | Bhaskar | View, Delete, Add, Update |
| Agent | Suchitra | View |
| Employee | Sunil | View, Delete, Assign |

**Example:**

Specifications state that a max of 4 purchase orders can be registered against any one product:

User can add any product to cart before proceeding for payment. It shows default one product

With in a cart. And allow user to increase product size by pressing + button.

The equivalence classes are:

Valid Class: 1 – 4 Purchase Orders

Invalid Classes: # Purchase Orders > 4, # Purchase Orders < 1

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Test Case Number | Test Steps | Expected Result |
| Tc001 |  |  |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

**Boundary Value Analysis**

* In this method tester has to concentrate more on the boundaries of the input values.
* In testing boundary conditions have a higher probability of detecting errors.
* Here tester verify the faults at near boundaries
* It is a sub technique for ECP technique..

**Example:**

* Consider any edit field which can accept values b/w 18-35.
* According to BVA method the valid inputs are:
* 17,18,….35 & 36
* If the range is 'a' to 'b'
* Then valid inputs are:  a-1, a, a+1, b-1, b, &b+1

**Example:🡪**

**Consider Zip code edit box accept Max number 6 only.**

**According to BVA testable boundaries are**

* **Max, Max+1, Max-1**
* **6,7,5**

**Example**

* Program Accepts 1 To 100 Characters and identify Boundary values
* The valid inputs are:  a-1, a, a+1, b-1, b, & b+1
* 0, 1 to 100, 101



**Example:**

* Customer Name – 2 to 64 characters
* Account Number – 6 digits, first digit is non zero
* Loan Amt requested – $500 to $ 9000
* Loan Term – 1 to 30 years.
* Monthly Repayment – Min of $ 10

**Customer Name**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Conditions** | **Valid Partitions** | **Invalid Partitions** | **Valid Boundaries** | **Invalid**  **Boundaries** |
| Customer Name | 2 to 64 chars valid Chars | < 2 Chars  > 64 Chars  Invalid Chars | 2 Chars  64 Chars | 1 Char  65 Chars  0 Chars |

**Account Number**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Conditions** | **Valid Partitions** | **Invalid Partitions** | **Valid Boundaries** | **Invalid Boundaries** |
| Account Number | 6 digits  1st non-zero | < 6 digits  > 6 digits  1st digit = 0  Non-digit | 100000  999999 | 5 digits  7 digits  0 digits |

**Loan Amount**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Conditions** | **Valid Partitions** | **Invalid Partitions** | **Valid Boundaries** | **Invalid Boundaries** |
| Loan Amount | 500-9000 | < 500  > 9000  0  Non-numeric | 500  9000 | 499  9001 |

Decision Table:🡪

* Decision Table:
  + A table showing combinations of inputs and outputs which can be used to design the test cases.
  + This technique is also referred as *cause-effect* table.

Decision Table for Gmail Login Test:🡪

Use case:🡪

* User should enter valid username
* User should enter valid password to login
* Password allowed after email validation only

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Rule 1 | Rule 2 | Rule 3 | Rule 4 |
| **Conditions** | | | | |
| Valid User Name | **False** | **True** | **True** | True |
| Valid Password | **-** | **False** | **True** | - |
| **Actions** | | | | |
| Login accepted | **False** | **False** | **True** | False |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Test Name | User Action | System Response |
| Tc001 | User enter invalid username and try to enter password | Should not accept and display error message “Please enter valid username” |
| Tc002 | User enter valid username and invalid password | System accept valid username and display error message invalid password |
| Tc003 | User Enter valid username and proceed to login without enter password | Should not accept and ask to user to enter valid password |
| Tc004 | User enter valid username and valid password then proceed to login | Should accept and user can access account page |

Decision Table for Face book Login:🡪

* User should enter valid username
* User should enter valid password to login
* Username and password both validate same time

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | Rule1 | Rule2 | Rule3 | Rule4 | Rule5 | Rule6 | Rule7 |
| **Conditions** | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Username Entry | True | False | False | - | True | - | True |
| Password Entry | False | True | False | true | - | - | True |
| **Actions** | |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Login accepted | False | False | False | False | False | False | True |

Decision Table for Face book:🡪

* User can enter mobile number or email for login

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Conditions |  | Rule 8 | Rule 9 | Rule 10 | Rule 11 | Rule 12 |
| Mobile |  | true | false | false | true | true |
| Password |  | false | true | false | - | true |
| Actions |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Login accepted |  | false | false | false | false | true |